

**Quiz**  
**Built Heritage**  
**Gurudwara**

Q. 1. A gurudwara is a place of worship of which religion?

- Islam
- Hindu
- Sikh
- Christianity

Q.2. What is the name of the Holy Book in a gurudwara?

- Adi Granth Sahib
- Nishan Sahib
- Khanda
- Langar

Q.3. Who was the founder of the city of Amritsar and started the construction of the famous Golden Temple at Amritsar?

- Guru Nanak
- Guru Govind Singh
- Guru Arjan Dev
- Guru Ram Das

Q.4. Gurudwara located in Pakistan where through exclusive access corridor Sikhs from India can visit without visa

- Kartarpur sahib
- Harmindar Sahib
- Koti Sahib
- Hemkund Sahib

Q.5. Name the gurudwara located in New Delhi which is also the second largest in India.

- Gurudwara Mata Sundri
- Gurudwara Bangla sahib
- Gurudwara Sis Ganj Sahib
- Gurudwara Baba Banda Singh Bahadur Sahib

Q.6. Architecture of gurudwara is highly influenced by which style?

- Indo- Saracenic architectural style
- Mughal-Rajput architectural style
- Maru-Gujara architectural style
- Dravidian architectural style

Q.7. What is sacred water body/pond built near gurudwara called?

- Sarovar
- Jheel
- Nadi
- Taalab

Q.8. What is the community kitchen by Sikhs called, where they serve free food to all?

- Seva
- Prasad
- Kirpan
- Langar

Q.9. What is this symbol called?

- Kara
- Kangha
- Khanda
- Kesh



Q.10. Punjabi script written and developed by 2<sup>nd</sup> Sikh guru, Guru Angad dev.

- Devanagari
- Brahmi
- Prakrit
- Gurmukhi

## **Answer Key**

**Ans.1.** A gurdwara is place of worship for Sikhs. Gurudwara simply translate into “the door of the teacher”.

**Ans.2.** Adi Grantha Sahib is the central holy religious scripture of Sikhism, regarded by Sikhs as the final, sovereign and eternal Guru following the lineage of the ten human gurus of the religion.

**Ans.3.** The fourth Sikh Guru Guru Ram Das laid the foundation of the city of Amritsar and started the construction of the famous Golden Temple or Harmandir Sahib at Amritsar.

**Ans. 4.** Katarpur gurudwara is located in Pakistan where through exclusive access corridor Sikhs from India can visit without visa. Karatpur gurudwara is one of the oldest and largest guruwaras, it is also the historic site where the founder of Sikhism, Guru Nanak, settled and assembled the Sikh community and lived here for 18 years until his death.

**Ans. 5.** Bangla Sahib gurudwara located in New Delhi which is also the second largest in India. The eight guru, Guru Har krishan stayed here which was then a bungalow of Raja Jai Singh of Amer. Later, it was converted into a gurudwara in memory of the Guru.

**Ans.6.** Architecture of Gurudwara is highly influenced by Mughal or Islamic architecture and Rajput architecture. Onion domes, in-lay work and frescos are Mughal influences and use of chhatris and brackets are elements of Rajput architecture.

**Ans.7.** Sarovar is the holy pond in which devotees immersed their bodies to gain spiritual and worldly benefits.

**Ans.8.** Langar is the community kitchen serving simple vegetarian food to everyone. Langar is based on the Principle of Equality; there is no discrimination on the basis of religion, caste, race or creed.

**Ans.9.** Khanda is the insignia of Khalsa. It is one of the most important symbols in Sikhism which is also included on the religious flag of Sikhism.

**Ans.10.** Gurmukhi is the Punjabi script which was developed by 2<sup>nd</sup> guru, Guru Angad Dev. ‘Gurmukhi’ literally translates to ‘From the mouth of Guru’.