

CHHATTISGARH TRIBUNE

Chhattisgarh is famous for its rich cultural heritage that reflects various aspects of this beautiful state. Cultural life of Chhattisgarh consist varied forms of traditional art and crafts, tribal dances, folk songs, regional festivals and fairs and entertaining cultural fests. Mainly, Chhattisgarh is occupied by tribal people who have preserved their rich tribal culture modestly and religiously. Eastern parts of the state of Chhattisgarh are influenced with Oriya culture. People of the state are traditional and believe in simple way of living following their traditional customs and beliefs. It can be observed in their food habits, festivals and fairs, costumes, ornaments, folk dance and music. Chhattisgarh also hosts various cultural fests like Chakradhar Samaroh, Sirpur Mahotsav, Rajim Kumbh and other Festival and Bastar Lokotsav etc. that showcase vibrant cultural life of the state.

Culture of Chhattisgarh



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TRIBES OF CHHATTISGARH



The tribes	Population	Percentage%
Scheduled Tribe	78,22,902	30.60%
Scheduled caste	32,74,269	12.82%
Other backward classes	-	52%

"Tribal population of Chhattisgarh as per census 2011."

**ANSWER
ME.....!!!**

LIST THE TRIBES IN CHHATTISGARH AND NAME THE OLDEST TRIBE OF ALL?

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NATIONAL PARKS IN CHHATTISGARH

44 per cent of the total area of Chhattisgarh comes under forests, which contributes to the 12 % of the of India's total forests. The state has vast possibility for wildlife and eco-tourism because of its rich bio-diversity. Chhattisgarh is blessed with some of the most endangered and rare wildlife species. The State has 2 National Parks, 3 tiger reserves, 8 wildlife Sanctuaries, and 1 Biosphere reserve.



GURU GHASIDAS NATIONAL PARK



Guru Ghasidas National Park Guru Ghasidas (Sanjay) National park is located in the Koriya district of the state of Chhattisgarh. Total area

of park is stretched into an area of 1440.71sq kilometers. It was declared as a National park in the year of 1981. The park has been renamed after the Satnami reformist hero, Guru Ghasidas.

KANGER VALLEY NATIONAL PARK

Kanger Ghati National Park is derived from the Kangar river, which flows within its length. It got the status of a national park in the year 1982. National Park is home to three exceptional caves – famous for amazing geological structures of Kutumbasar, Kailash and Dandak. Tirathgarh Waterfall is located in Kanger



Valley National Park. The most popular species in this area is Bastar Maina which enchant everyone with their human voice.

BHORAMDEO TEMPLE

Bhoramdeo Temple, or the 'Khajuraho of Chhattisgarh', carved on the rocky stones in the Nagar style is an ancient Hindu temple dedicated to Lord Shiva. Situated in the Kabirdham district of Chhattisgarh, This temple was built



in the period of 7th to 11th century A.D. The temples are said to be built by King Ramchandra of the Nag Dynasty. The Shiva Linga in the temple is wonderfully carved and the artistic appeal. The Bhoramdeo temple has a resemblance with the Sun temple of Konark and The Khajuraho temple.



Bhoramdeo is a complex structure demonstrate a seven offsets on its walls plan called *saptaratha*. It is east-facing. It constitutes of an *ardhamandapa* (entry-porch), *mandapa* (hall) with entry porches on the south and north which form *kakshasanas* (seat-backs), *antarala* (antechamber) and





Mahant Ghasidas Sangrahalay Established in the year 1875, Mahant Ghasi Memorial Museum is located in Raipur, capital of Chhattisgarh. This museum was built by Raja Mahant Ghasidas of Rajnandgaon accompanied to a surge of awareness regarding the preservation of archaeological heritage. It occupies a land of almost 2 hectares. It is one of the famous museums in

Chhattisgarh and is amongst the 10 oldest museums in India. Moreover, the diverse collection of the museum is preserved in various galleries. The Archeological Gallery exhibits a rich collection of the articles and artifacts that were used during the Stone Age. The Sculpture Gallery exhibits stone carved idols of Gods and Goddesses. Other galleries of the museum are the Natural History Gallery, the Anthropology Gallery, the Tribal Gallery and the Ancient Arms and Armory Gallery. Different types of



objects of anthropology and natural history are preserved here. The museum also houses arts, crafts and paintings. The first floor has objects related to nature and its history containing various birds, mammals and snakes.

Purkhauti Muktagan is an open air art Museum cum Park Developed by Tourism Ministry of Chhattisgarh. It is located in Naya Raipur of Chhattisgarh. The Museum was developed by Government of Chhattisgarh, Culture Department under Ministry of Tourism. The habitat, artefacts, folk dances, food habits of the tribals are being displayed here.





Purkhauti Mukhtangan Museum displays lifestyle artefacts, daily life dwellings and all the essentials of famous tribes like Muria, Maria and Gond. The best part of this museum is that it exhibits the vast collection of various handmade crafts for sale that hold the authentic value of the tribal culture.

MAKING A LIST OF SOME FAMOUS TOURIST ATTRACTION YOU'D LIKE TO SEE IN CHHATTISGARH.

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- **REFERENCES-** <https://www.chhattisgarhtourism.in>
- <https://www.sahapedia.org>
- <https://www.bastar.gov.in>