Quiz
Built Heritage
Modern Architecture

1. Designed by Iranian-American Architect Fariborz Shaba, it is located in New Delhi and is a place of worship made of marble.
   A. India International Centre
   B. Rajiv Gandhi Bhavan
   C. Indus Tree
   D. Bahá’í House of Worship

2. Designed by Charles Correa, this building is an iconic landmark in Central Delhi and houses an international library.
   A. Hall of Nations
   B. India Habitat Centre
   C. British Council
   D. Pragati Maidan

3. Point out the incorrect connection?
   A. Connaught Place and Sobha Singh
   B. Capitol Complex and Le Corbusier
   C. Auroville Matri Mandir and Roger Anger
   D. Rashtrapati Bhavan and Charles Correa

4. The Palace of Assembly or Legislative Assembly, the Secretariat and the High Court are important buildings in one of India’s first planned cities built by Le Corbusier. Name the city it is situated in.
   A. Chandigarh
   B. Jaipur
   C. Bhubaneshwar
   D. Pondicherry

5. A recently constructed modern Hindu temple in Delhi that was inaugurated in 2005. Built on the principles of vastu shastra and pancharatra shastra.
   A. Sun Temple
   B. Lotus Temple
   C. Akshardham Temple
   D. Kalikambal Temple

6. Formally known as Matrimandir, it took almost 37 years to be built. It serves as a peaceful space for meditation hall and contains the world’s largest optically-perfect glass dome. What is the name of the palace and where is it situated?
   A. Cybertecture Egg, Mumbai
B. Bombay Art Society, Mumbai
C. Infosys Multiplex, Mysore
D. Auroville in Puducherry, Tamil Nadu

7. First Modern Dream city of India designed by French architect, Le Corbusier. Name the city and the prominent structure.
   A. Jaipur and the Jawahar Kala Kendra
   B. Delhi and the India Habitat Centre
   C. Chandigarh and the Capitol Complex
   D. Mumbai and the Churchgate

8. Recipient of the prestigious Pritzker Architecture Prize in 2018 and the first Indian to receive it. Some prominent buildings associated with the architect include, IIM Bangalore, IIM Udaipur, NIFT Delhi, Amdavad ni Gufa, CEPT University and the Aranya Low Cost Housing Development in Indore. Name the architect.
   A. VV Doshi
   B. Charles Correa
   C. Abha Narian Lambah
   D. Vikram Lal

9. Louis Kahn is associated with the construction of this prestigious institutional building and completed in 1961. What is the name of the building?
   A. Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad
   B. Infosys Campus, Mysore
   C. Jawahar Kala Kendra, Jaipur
   D. Vidhan Soudha, Bangalore

10. The large marble building is dedicated to Queen Victoria and functions as a museum. It is built in the Indo-Saracenic style blended with classic Mughal architecture with Neoclassical or Gothic revival styles. Name the structure and where is it situated?
    A. Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus, Mumbai
    B. Victoria Terminal, Kolkata
    C. Gateway of India, Mumbai
    D. Writers Building, Kolkata
Answers-

1. **D. Bahá’í House of Worship**
The Lotus Temple or Bahá’í House of Worship is composed of 27 free-standing marble-clad ‘patels’ arranged in clusters of three to form nine sides, with nine doors opening onto a central hall.

2. **C. British Council**
The British Council of Delhi was designed by renowned architect Charles Correa and opened in 1993.

3. **D. Rashtrapati Bhavan and Charles Correa**
The British architect Edwin Landseer Lutyens was given the primary architectural responsibility to make the Rashtrapati Bhavan. Lutyens and Herbert Baker had been assigned to work on Viceroy's House and the Secretariats. Baker had been assigned to work on the two secretariat buildings which were in front of Viceroy's House.

4. **A. Chandigarh**
Chandigarh’s Capitol complex is made up of three concrete buildings: the Palace of Assembly or Legislative Assembly, the Secretariat and the High Court.

5. **C. Akshardham Temple**
Akshardham Temple or Delhi Akshardham also consists of 234 ornately carved pillars, nine domes and 20,000 murtis of swamis, devotees and acharyas.

6. **D. Auroville in Puducherry, Tamil Nadu**
Auroville city (the city of dawn) in Puducherry was conceptualised as a place of research into the ideal of human unity and contains soil from 124 countries in lotus-shaped um.

7. **D. Chandigarh and the Capitol Complex**
Chandigarh Capitol Complex in sector 1 is a government compound designed by the architect Le Corbusier.

8. **A. VV Doshi**
VV Doshi is one of the pioneers of modern India architecture. He is a recipient of Indian honours Padma Shri and Padma Bhushan.

9. **A. Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad**
10. B. Victoria Memorial, Kolkata

Victoria Memorial in Kolkata was built between 1906 and 1921 to commemorate Queen Victoria’s 25 years reign in India.